PrestigeBrands


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This presentation contains certain "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, such as statements regarding the Company's expected financial performance, including revenue growth, EPS, cash flow, adjusted free cash flow, gross margin, EBITDA margin and Ge'A, the Company's investment in brand-building and AePP, the Company's ability to de-lever, increase financing capacity and increase MeA capacity, the Company's ability to increase shareholder value, and the impact of the Company's strategy of acquiring, integrating and building brands. Words such as "continue," "will," "expect," "project," "anticipate," "likely," "estimate," "may," "should," "could," "would," and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements represent the Company's expectations and beliefs and involue a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forwardlooking statements. These factors include, among others, general economic and business conditions, regulatory matters, competitive pressures, the impact of our advertising and promotional initiatives, supplier issues, unexpected costs, and other risks set forth in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2016. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. Except to the extent required by applicable law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement contained in this presentation, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

## Today's Presenters



Ron Lombardi President \& Chief Executive Officer


David Marberger Chief Financial Officer


Tim Connors
Executive VP,
Sales \& Marketing

## Agenda for Today's Discussion

I. Setting the Stage
II. PrestigeBrands Value Proposition
III. Sustainable Growth Through Brand Building
IV. Financial Results and Outlook
V. Long-Term Value Creation Model
VI. $2 e^{e} \mathrm{~A}$

## Setting the Stage <br> Ron Lombardi

President e CEO

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REMEDIES
Efferdent
Clear eyes.

Hydrayte
MONISTAT
Gaviscon
Debrox Care

## Our Corporate Mission

## To Be the Best Mid-Sized, Public Company in the Consumer Health Care Market

The following principles guide us in this endeavor:

- Deliver outstanding shareholder value through superior growth in sales, profits, and cash flow
- Create innovative products that exceed our consumers expectations
- Engage in true partnerships with our suppliers and customers
- Build a company culture founded on leadership, trust, change and execution


## Helping Consumers Care for Themselves

650 throat drops for every cold season

## 17 doses of pain relief per week

## Prestige Brands Snapshot



## Leading <br> OTC Platform

in North America
\$4.5 Billion ${ }^{\text {® }}$
Enterprise Value

## Key Messages

## Investor Day 2013


"Transformation"

- New team
- New OTC focus
- New emphasis on brand building

Investor Day 2016

"Sustainable Growth Formula"

- Durable value proposition
- Sustainable formula for growth
- Proven long-term value creation model


## Meaningful Continued Progress Along A Number of Dimensions



## Portfolio

Core Brands

International
Categories

## OTC Represents A Greater Share of the Portfolio



Meaningful Additions to Core OTC Portfolio



## Portfolio Supported by Consumer Megatrends



## Participate in Large e Growing Categories



## Prestige Added Two Attractive, Scale Category Platforms Since the Last Investor Day



## Our International Business Has Doubled



## Invest for Growth Portfolio

## Investor Day 2013

Invest for Growth $\square$ Manage for Cash


Organic
Revenue
Growth:


## Proven and Repeatable MéA Strategy



## PrestigeBrands Value Proposition

## Ron Lombardi

President e CEO

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## Prestige's Value Proposition



## Diversified Portfolio of Leading, Trusted Brands



## Portfolio Composed of Brands with \#1 / \#2 Positions Across Key Segments Within Larger Categories

| Gastrointestinal |
| :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Dramamine }^{\# 11} \text { beaño } \\ \text { Gaviscon }^{\# 1} \end{gathered}$ |
| Eye e Ear Care |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Clearr } \begin{array}{l} \text { C1 } \\ \text { eyes. } \end{array} \text { Debrox }^{\# 1} \end{aligned}$ |
| Oral Care |
|  |

## Competitively Aduantaged Position in Niche Segments Across Our Core OTC Categories



## Demonstrated Track Record of Core OTC Organic Growth



## Proven Organic Growth Playbook

MONISTAT
1 Year

$\sim 10 \%$
FY 15

Winning with Professionals and Consumers


Driving Growth by Redefining the Category



## Prestige Is Now A Top 10 Player in the Branded U.S. OTC Market



## Scalable and Efficient Platform



## Organic Growth Engine Fueled by MeA Activities



## Superior Shareholder Value Creation Since 2009

## PBH Share Price Versus Se'P Indexed Returns



# Sustainable Growth Through Brand Building 

Tim Connors
Executive VP, Sales e Marketing
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Efferdent
(BC) Goortys Chloraseptic NIX

Hydralyte
MONSTAT
Gaviscon
Debrox Care

## Brand Building to Drive Consistent, Organic Revenue Growth



## Be Preeminent Brand Building and Sales Execution Company

- Mining consumer insights
- Invest in growth brands
- Innovative consumer, professional and digital marketing campaigns
- Collaborative business planning
- Sell-in and sell-through
- Effective shopper marketing programs that drive loyalty

- Develop products that consumers need, want and value
- Unique, meaningful benefits
- Innovative technology


## Expanding Organizational Capabilities

Team

- Experienced CPG Marketers
- Seasoned Product

Development Directors

- Channel Expertise
- Pipeline of Future Leaders


Capabilities

- Consumer Insights
- Digital / Social Media
- Customer Business Planning
- New Product Technical Skills
- Packaging Design



## Performance Standards

- Consumption \& Share Gains
- Profitable Revenue Growth
- P\&L Accountability
- Customer Performance Scorecards


## Our Portfolio of Invest for Growth OTC Brands



## Larger Scale Brands Averaging Over \$100MM at Retail



## \$100MM+ OTC Brands Represent a Large Portion of Our Sales...

\$100MM+ OTC Brands are Highly Scarce in the U.S.
\$100MM OTC Brands Distributed Among Few Players


## ...And Enable Prestige to Put More Dollars to Work to Drive Growth



## Our Approach to Driving Sustained Organic Growth



## Delivered Consistent, Durable Growth

Hydralyte
(30) GoodTS

Dramamine
Clear eyes.

Winning with Professionals and Consumers

Driving Growth by Redefining the Category

Revitalizing Legacy Brands

Driving Category Growth

Long-Term Success Story

# MONISTAT* 

Winning with Professionals and Consumers

## Monistat is A Rx to OTC Switch with A 40+ Year Heritage



## Clearly Defined Opportunity for Growth at Time of Acquisition MONISTAT

## OTC Losing Share to Rx (Units) ${ }^{(1)}$



Branded OTC Losing Share to Priuate Label (Dollars) ${ }^{(2)}$


## Monistat is the Only Branded Offering in the VAF Category



## Capturing the Monistat Opportunity

## Prestige's 4-Part Plan for Monistat's Success

## Re-engage with Health Care Prouiders

## Re-engage with Retailers

Re-engage with
Consumers

## Invest in New Product Development

## Systematically Build Health Care Professional Advocacy



## Drive Trial and Awareness with Millennials

MONISTAT



# Winning at Point of Purchase: <br> Packaging, Pricing, Merchandising 



## The Results to Date are Clear

Accelerating Momentum and Category Growth

FY
FY 16

Gaining Share in Branded OTC and us Rx


# Hydrayte <br> Driving Growth by Redefining the Category 

# Expanding Product Offering and Form to Increase Usage Occasions 



## Expanding Product Offering and Form to Increase Usage Occasions



## Hydralyte Effectively Addresses All Your Oral Hydration Needs Hydrayte



[^0]Highly Targeted Marketing Activation



## Leverage Product Innouation as Growth Driver

## Hydrayte Sports



New Pediatric
Offering

## Accelerating Growth Under Prestige's Ownership



# (31) Goodys 

## Reuitalizing Legacy Brands

## Brand Equity with a Rich Heritage



## Revitalizing a Legacy Brand

## Better Insights

## Better Offering

Better Execution

- Understanding Consumer Insights and Differentiating the Brand
- New Marketing Campaigns towards New Targets
- Continuous Product Innovations
- BC/Goody's Continues to Drive Growth vs the Category
- BC/Goody's is the \#1 Analgesic in the Convenience Channel
- Core Competency in C-Store Fuels Growth of other Core Brands


## Sustainable Results

## Revitalizing Legacy Brands through Brand Building



## Marketing Focused on Speed




## Accelerating Consumption Growth in the First 4 Years



# Dramamine 

Driuing Category Growth

## A "Classic" Prestige Growth Opportunity

## \#1 Brand


3.5x Next Branded Competitor

## Limited Offering

Traditional Distribution Footprint


## Innovation in Packaging and Product



## Communicating with Consumers When and Where They Need It Dramamine

## Digital Contextual Targeting ..


... In the Most Releuant Locations



## Growing a Winning Franchise

Dramamine


# cleär eyes. 

## Long-Term Success Story

## Clear Eyes: A Homegrown Success Story

Acquired in 2004
Mavi nem
Compelling Brand Equity Attributes

## Fauorable Category Dynamics

# Highly Receptive to Product Innouation 

IRRITATIONS IRRITATIONS

## Sustained Innovation Has Built A Comprehensive Product Line




## Clear Eyes' Innovation Toolkit



## Our Most Recent Innouation: Clear Eyes ${ }^{\circledR}$ Pure Relief ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

Preseruative Free Eye Drops



## Iconic, Highly Memorable Advertising



## Clear Eyes Pure Relief



The Ultimate Mark of Success: Winning in the Marketplace


Our Latest Acquisition

## Our Latest Acquisition

Innouative, scale brand with a leading position in a number of the highest growth oral care "pegable section" categories

New product opportunities
Distributed opportunities in the U.S. and abroad

Significant opportunity to increase household penetration


## DenTek has Many Avenues to Grow



Drive Category Growth HH Penetration/ Awareness

Dramamine
(B)

Goodts

Professional Endorsement

## Financial Results and Outlook

## Dave Marberger

Chief Financial Officer


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Efferdent
(3C) Goortys Chloraseptic NIX

Hydralyte
MONSTAT
Gaviscon
Debrox Care

## Industry Leading Financial Profile Underpins Strategy for Growth



## Our Three Financial Priorities



Debt Reduction

- $\sim 80 \%$ of portfolio positioned for durable, consistent organic growth
-     - $\mathbf{4 3 0 M M}$ of cumulative Adjusted FCF since 2013 Investor Day
- Completed 4 acquisitions since 2013 Investor Day aggregating \$1.1BN


## Stable and Strengthening Financial Profile

Our Objective: Reinuest Gross Margin and GeA Improvements in Ae'P While Maintaining Best in Class EBITDA Margin


## Branded OTC Portfolio Drives Superior Gross Margin Profile



Jarden and Newell shown separately pre-combination

## Business Model Results in Superior EBITDA Margin



## Low Capital Expenditures and Cash Tax Rates...



- Outsourced operating model requires limited capital expenditures

- Tax basis of acquisitions and NOLs generate lower cash tax rates
- We expect acquisition-related tax benefits will continue into the future


## ...Drive Best-in-Class Free Cash Flow Conversion



[^1]Note: - Free Cash Flow Conversion defined as Non-GAAP Operating Cash Flow less Capital Expenditures over Adjusted Net Income; Adj. Free Cash Flow Yield defined as Free Cash Flow divided by Market Cap as of May 20,201 EPC and ENR excluded due to cash flow items related to completed spinoff; Newell pro forma for combination with Jarden
Company information per attached reconciliation schedule

## Robust and Consistent Free Cash Flow Supports Rapid De-levering

## Adjusted Free Cash Flow ${ }^{(1)}$



## Demonstrated Ability to De-Lever Quickly

Leverage Ratio ${ }^{(1)}$


## Rapid De-Leveraging Builds Capacity for Future Acquisitions

## Illustrative Financing Capacity



## Prestige's Disciplined Acquisition Strategy

Me'A Focus on Brands That

- Compete in categories where we can win
- Have a strong heritage and connection with consumers
- Respond to investments and provide innovation opportunities
- Add to existing core categories or provide entry to new platforms

Financial Criteria

- Strong financial profile
- Accretive to earnings and cash flow
- Maintain prudent capital structure
- Driven by potential shareholder value creation


## Combination Benefits

- Management experience
- Advertising and promotional expertise
- Distribution channels
- New product competency
- Low-cost operating model
$\longrightarrow$ BLACKSMITH
BRANDS

Dramamine
GlaxoSmithKline
Care
Hydralyte

## The Value Proposition at Work



## FY 16 Highlights and FY 17 Outlook



## Long-Term Value Creation Model

 Ron LombardiPresident e CEO



Hydralyte"
MONISTAT
Gaviscon and it' soone
Debrox Care

## Key Messages

## Investor Day 2013



## "Transformation"

- New team
- New OTC focus
- New emphasis on brand building

Investor Day 2016

"Sustainable Growth Formula"

- Durable value proposition
- Sustainable formula for growth
- Proven long-term value creation model


## Key Messages



# Delivering Consistent, Sustainable Growth Going Forward: Driving Business Strategy from Consumer Insights 

Meeting Challenging Consumer Preferences Along the Spectrum of Proactive Self-Care


# Delivering Consistent, Sustainable Growth Going Forward: Driving Business Strategy from Consumer Insights 

Meeting Challenging Consumer Preferences Along the Spectrum of Proactive Self-Care


## Delivering Against the Drivers of Our Stated Long-Term ValueCreation Strategy

## Expectation for Future

Long-Term Organic Growth of
2.0\% to 3.0\%

Proven and Repeatable MéA Strategy

$$
8 \text { - 10\% Long-Term E.P.S. Growth }
$$

Upside Potential

## Long-Term Value Creation Strategy

## $2 e \cdot A$



Hydralyte"
MONISTAT
Gaviscon
Debrox
Care

## About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We define Non-GAAP Organic Revenues on a Constant Currency basis as Total Revenues excluding acquisitions and divestitures and the impact of current year foreign exchange rates on total revenues. We define Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA as earnings before interest expense (income), income taxes, depreciation and amortization, inventory step-up charges, certain other legal and professional fees, other acquisition-related costs, costs associated with our CEO transition, gain on sale of asset, and loss on extinguishment of debt. Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA Margin is calculated as Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA divided by GAAP Total Revenues. We define Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin as Gross Profit before inventory step up charges, and certain other acquisition and integration-related costs. Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin percentage is calculated based on Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin divided by GAAP Total Revenues. We define Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative expenses as General and Administrative expenses minus certain other legal and professional fees, acquisition and other integration costs, and costs associated with our CEO transition. Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative expense percentage is calculated based on NonGAAP Adjusted General and Administrative expense divided by GAAP Total Revenues. We define Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income as Net Income before inventory step-up charges, certain other legal and professional fees, other acquisition and integration-related costs, costs associated with our CEO transition, accelerated amortization of debt origination costs, gain on sale of asset, loss on extinguishment of debt, and the applicable tax impacts associated with these items and other non-deductible items. Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS is calculated based on Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income, divided by the weighted average number of common and potential common shares outstanding during the period. We define Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow as net cash provided by operating activities less cash paid for capital expenditures. We define Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow as net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property and equipment plus payments associated with a premium on extinguishment of the 2012 Senior Notes and acquisitions for integration, transition, and other payments associated with acquisitions. We define Non-GAAP Cash Tax Expense as GAAP Provision for Income Taxes less deferred income tax from the cash flow statement. Non-GAAP Organic Revenues on a Constant Currency basis, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income, Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS, Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow, Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow and Non-GAAP Cash Tax Expense may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

## About Non-GAAP Financial Measures Cont'd

We are presenting Non-GAAP Organic Revenues on a Constant Currency basis, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense percentage, NonGAAP Adjusted Net Income, Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS, Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow, Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow, and Non-GAAP Cash Tax Expense because they provide additional ways to view our operation when considered with both our GAAP results and the reconciliation to net income and net cash provided by operating activities, respectively, which we believe provides a more complete understanding of our business than could be obtained absent this disclosure. Each of Non-GAAP Organic Revenues on a Constant Currency basis, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income, Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS, Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow, Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow and Non-GAAP Cash Tax Expense is presented solely as a supplemental disclosure because (i) we believe it is a useful tool for investors to assess the operating performance of the business without the effect of these items; (ii) we believe that investors will find this data useful in assessing shareholder value; and (iii) we use Non-GAAP Organic Revenues on a Constant Currency basis, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income, Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS, Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow, Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow and Non-GAAP Cash Tax Expense internally to evaluate the performance of our personnel and also as a benchmark to evaluate our operating performance or compare our performance to that of our competitors. The use of Non-GAAP Organic Revenues on a Constant Currency basis, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income, Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS, NonGAAP Free Cash Flow, Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow and Non-GAAP Cash Tax Expense have limitations, and you should not consider these measures in isolation from or as an alternative to GAAP measures such as Total Revenues, General and Administrative expense, Operating income, Net income, Provision for Income Taxes, Net cash flow provided by operating activities, or cash flow statement data prepared in accordance with GAAP, or as a measure of profitability or liquidity.
The following tables set forth the reconciliation of Non-GAAP Organic Revenues on a Constant Currency basis, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA, Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA Margin, NonGAAP Adjusted Gross Margin, Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense, Non-GAAP Adjusted General and Administrative Expense percentage, Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income, Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS, Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow, Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow and Non-GAAP Cash Tax Expense all of which are non-GAAP financial measures, to GAAP Gross Profit, GAAP General and Administrative expense, GAAP Net Income, GAAP Provision for Income Taxes, GAAP Diluted EPS and GAAP Net cash provided by operating activities, our most directly comparable financial measures presented in accordance with GAAP.

## Reconciliation Schedules

## Organic Revenue Growth

|  | 2016 | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GAAP Total Revenues | 806,247 | 714,623 |
| Adjustments: |  |  |
| Hydralyte revenues | $(1,217)$ | - |
| Insight revenues | $(73,630)$ | - |
| DenTek revenues | $(10,687)$ | - |
| Total adjustments | $(85,534)$ | - |
| Non-GAAP Organic Revenues | 720,713 | 714,623 |
| Organic Revenue Growth | 0.9\% |  |
| Impact of foreign currency exchange rates |  | $(13,862)$ |
| Non-GAAP Organic Revenues on a constant currency basis | 720,713 | 700,761 |
| Constant Currency Organic Revenue Growth | 2.8\% |  |

## Reconciliation Schedules Cont'd

| Adjusted Gross Margin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| GAAP Total Revenues | \$ | 289,652 | \$ | 332,905 | \$ | 437,819 | \$ | 620,529 | \$ | 597,381 | \$ | 714,623 | \$ | 806,247 |
| GAAP Gross Margin Adjustments | \$ | 150,494 | \$ | 167,273 | \$ | 224,118 | \$ | 343,737 | \$ | 335,551 | \$ | 406,223 | \$ | 467,211 |
| Inventory step up associated with acquisitions |  | - |  | 7,273 |  | 1,795 |  | 23 |  | 577 |  | 2,225 |  | 1,387 |
| Additional inventory transition and supplier costs associated with acquisitions |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 5,646 |  | 407 |  | - |  | - |
| Total adjustments |  | - |  | 7,273 |  | 1,795 |  | 5,669 |  | 984 |  | 2,225 |  | 1,387 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin | \$ | 150,494 | \$ | 174,546 | \$ | 225,913 | \$ | 349,406 | \$ | 336,535 | \$ | 408,448 | \$ | 468,598 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin \% |  | 52.0\% |  | 52.4\% |  | 51.6\% |  | 56.3\% |  | 56.3\% |  | 57.2\% |  | 58.1\% |
| Adjusted Ge-A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| GAAP General and Administrative expenses Adjustments | \$ | 34,195 | \$ | 41,960 | \$ | 56,700 | \$ | 51,467 | \$ | 48,481 | \$ | 81,273 | \$ | 72,418 |
| Costs associated with CEO transition |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,406 |
| Legal and other professional fees associated with acquisitions |  | - |  | 7,729 |  | 13,807 |  | 98 |  | 1,111 |  | 10,974 |  | 2,112 |
| Transition and other acquisition costs |  | - |  | - |  | 3,588 |  | 5,811 |  | - |  | 13,473 |  | 289 |
| Unsolicited porposal costs |  | - |  | - |  | 1,737 |  | 534 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total adjustments |  | - |  | 7,729 |  | 19,132 |  | 6,443 |  | 1,111 |  | 24,447 |  | 3,807 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted G\&A | \$ | 34,195 | \$ | 34,231 | \$ | 37,568 | \$ | 45,024 | \$ | 47,370 | \$ | 56,826 | \$ | 68,611 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted G\&A \% |  | 11.8\% |  | 10.3\% |  | 8.6\% |  | 7.3\% |  | 7.9\% |  | 8.0\% |  | 8.5\% |

## Reconciliation Schedules Cont'd

| Adjusted EBITDA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| GAAP Total Revenues | \$ | 289,652 | \$ | 332,905 | \$ | 437,819 | \$ | 620,529 | \$ | 597,381 | \$ | 714,623 | \$ | 806,247 |
| GAAP Net Income | \$ | 32,115 | \$ | 29,220 | \$ | 37,212 | \$ | 65,505 | \$ | 72,615 | \$ | 78,260 | \$ | 99,907 |
| Income from Disc Ops |  | 112 |  | (591) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Loss on sale of disc ops |  | (157) |  | 550 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Interest Expense, net |  | 22,935 |  | 27,317 |  | 41,320 |  | 84,407 |  | 68,582 |  | 81,234 |  | 85,160 |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 20,664 |  | 19,349 |  | 23,945 |  | 40,529 |  | 29,133 |  | 49,198 |  | 57,278 |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 10,001 |  | 9,876 |  | 10,734 |  | 13,235 |  | 13,486 |  | 17,740 |  | 23,676 |
| Non-GAAP EBITDA |  | 85,670 |  | 85,721 |  | 113,211 |  | 203,676 |  | 183,816 |  | 226,432 |  | 266,021 |
| Sales costs related to acquisitions |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 411 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Inventory step up |  | - |  | 7,273 |  | 1,795 |  | 23 |  | 577 |  | 2,225 |  | 1,387 |
| Inventory related acquisition costs |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 220 |  | 407 |  | - |  | - |
| Additional supplier costs |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 5,426 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Costs associated with CEO transition |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,406 |
| Legal and other professional fees associated with acquisitions |  | - |  | 7,729 |  | 13,807 |  | 98 |  | 1,111 |  | 10,974 |  | 2,112 |
| Integration, transition and other costs associated with acquisitions |  | - |  | - |  | 3,588 |  | 5,811 |  | - |  | 10,533 |  | 289 |
| Stamp Duty |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,940 |  | - |
| Unsolicited porposal costs |  | - |  | - |  | 1,737 |  | 534 |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt |  | 2,656 |  | 300 |  | 5,409 |  | 1,443 |  | 18,286 |  | - |  | 17,970 |
| Gain on settlement |  | - |  | - |  | $(5,063)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Gain on sale of asset |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(1,133)$ |  | - |
| Adjustments to EBITDA |  | 2,656 |  | 15,302 |  | 21,273 |  | 13,966 |  | 20,381 |  | 25,539 |  | 23,164 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 88,326 | \$ | 101,023 | \$ | 134,484 | \$ | 217,642 | \$ | 204,197 | \$ | 251,971 | \$ | 289,185 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA \% |  | 30.5\% |  | 30.3\% |  | 30.7\% |  | 35.1\% |  | 34.2\% |  | 35.3\% |  | 35.9\% |

## Reconciliation Schedules Cont'd

## Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS

|  | 2010 |  |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Net ncome | EPS | Net Income | EPS |  | Net ncome | EPS | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS |
| GAAP Net Income | \$ | 32,115 | \$ 0.64 | \$ 29,220 | \$ 0.58 | \$ | 37,212 | \$ 0.73 | \$ 65,505 | \$ 1.27 | \$ 72,615 | \$ 1.39 | \$ 78,260 | \$ 1.49 | \$ 99,907 | \$ 1.88 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income from discontinued ops. |  | - | - | (591) | (0.01) |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loss on sale of discontinued ops. |  | - | - | 550 | 0.01 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Incremental interest expense to finance Acquisition |  | - | - | 800 | 0.02 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sales costs related to acquisitions |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 411 | 0.01 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Inventory step up |  | - | - | 7,273 | 0.14 |  | 1,795 | 0.04 | 23 | - | 577 | 0.01 | 2,225 | 0.04 | 1,387 | 0.03 |
| Inventory related acquisition costs |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 220 | - | 407 | 0.01 | - | - | - | - |
| Additional supplier costs |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 5,426 | 0.11 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Costs associated with CEO transition |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,406 | 0.02 |
| Legal and other professional fees assoc. with acq'ns |  | - | - | 7,729 | 0.15 |  | 13,807 | 0.27 | 98 | - | 1,111 | 0.02 | 10,974 | 0.21 | 2,112 | 0.04 |
| Transition and other Acq costs |  | - | - | - | - |  | 3,588 | 0.07 | 5,811 | 0.11 | - | - | 10,533 | 0.20 | 289 | 0.01 |
| Stamp Duty |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,940 | 0.05 | - | - |
| Unsolicited porposal costs |  | - | - | - | - |  | 1,737 | 0.03 | 534 | 0.01 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt |  | 2,656 | 0.05 | 300 | 0.01 |  | 5,409 | 0.11 | 1,443 | 0.03 | 18,286 | 0.35 | - | - | 17,970 | 0.34 |
| Gain on settlement |  | - | - | - | - |  | $(5,063)$ | (0.10) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Gain on sale of asset |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(1,133)$ | (0.02) | - | - |
| Accelerated amort. of debt discounts and issue costs |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 7,746 | 0.15 | 5,477 | 0.10 | 218 | - | - | - |
| Tax impact on adjustments |  | $(1,009)$ | (0.01) | $(5,513)$ | (0.11) |  | $(8,091)$ | (0.16) | $(8,329)$ | (0.16) | $(9,100)$ | (0.17) | $(5,968)$ | (0.11) | $(7,608)$ | (0.15) |
| Impact of state tax adjustments |  | (352) | (0.01) | - | - |  | (237) | - | $(1,741)$ | (0.03) | $(9,465)$ | (0.18) | - | - | - | - |
| Total adjustments |  | 1,295 | 0.03 | 10,548 | 0.21 |  | 12,945 | 0.26 | 11,642 | 0.23 | 7,293 | 0.14 | 19,789 | 0.37 | 15,556 | 0.29 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income and Non-GAAPAdjusted EPS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$ | 33,410 | \$ 0.67 | \$ 39,768 | \$ 0.79 | \$ | 50,157 | \$ 0.99 | \$ 77,147 | \$ 1.50 | \$ 79,908 | \$ 1.53 | \$98,049 | \$ 1.86 | \$115,463 | \$ 2.17 |

[^2]
## Reconciliation Schedules Cont'd

| Adjusted Free Cash Flow |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| GAAP Net Income | \$ | 32,115 | \$ | 29,220 | \$ | 37,212 | \$ | 65,505 | \$ | 72,615 | \$ | 78,260 | \$ | 99,907 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities as shown in the statement of cash flows |  | 31,137 |  | 26,095 |  | 35,674 |  | 59,497 |  | 50,912 |  | 64,668 |  | 96,221 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions as shown in the statement of cash flows |  | $(3,825)$ |  | 31,355 |  | $(5,434)$ |  | 12,603 |  | $(11,945)$ |  | 13,327 |  | $(21,778)$ |
| Total adjustments |  | 27,312 |  | 57,450 |  | 30,240 |  | 72,100 |  | 38,967 |  | 77,995 |  | 74,443 |
| GAAP Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 59,427 |  | 86,670 |  | 67,452 |  | 137,605 |  | 111,582 |  | 156,255 |  | 174,350 |
| Purchases of property and equipment |  | (673) |  | (655) |  | (606) |  | $(10,268)$ |  | $(2,764)$ |  | $(6,101)$ |  | $(3,568)$ |
| Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow |  | 58,754 |  | 86,015 |  | 66,846 |  | 127,337 |  | 108,818 |  | 150,154 |  | 170,782 |
| Premiuim payment on 2010 Senior Notes |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 15,527 |  | - |  | - |
| Premiuim payment on extinguishment of 2012 Senior Notes |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 10,158 |
| Accelerated interest payments due to debt refinancing |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 4,675 |  | - |  | - |
| Integration, transition and other payments associated with acquisitions |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 512 |  | 13,563 |  | 2,461 |
| Total adjustments |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 20,714 |  | 13,563 |  | 12,619 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow | \$ | 58,754 | \$ | 86,015 | \$ | 66,846 | \$ | 127,337 | \$ | 129,532 | \$ | 163,717 | \$ | 183,401 |

## Reconciliation Schedules Cont'd

| Cash Tax Expense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| GAAP Provision for Income Taxes | \$ | 40,529 | \$ | 29,133 | \$ | 49,198 | \$ | 57,278 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deferred Income Taxes |  | $(25,505)$ |  | $(19,012)$ |  | $(28,922)$ |  | $(46,152)$ |
| Non-GAAP Cash Tax Expense |  | 15,024 |  | 10,121 |  | 20,276 |  | 11,126 |

## Outlook for Fiscal Year 2017

## Projected E.P.S.

|  | Low |  | High |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Projected FY'17 GAAP EPS | \$ | 2.22 | \$ | 2.28 |
| Adjustments: |  |  |  |  |
| Costs associated with DenTek integration |  | 0.08 |  | 0.08 |
| Total adjustments |  | 0.08 |  | 0.08 |
| Projected Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS | \$ | 2.30 | \$ | 2.36 |

## Projected Free Cash Flow

| Projected FY'17 GAAP Net cash provided by operating activities | $\$$ | 190 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Additions to property and equipment for cash | $(8)$ |  |
| Projected Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow | 182 |  |
| Payments associated with acquisitions | 3 |  |
| Adjusted Non-GAAP Projected Free Cash Flow | $\mathbf{\$}$ | 185 |


[^0]:    Claim made in Australian market only

[^1]:    Source: Capital IQ Market data as of May 20, 2016; comparable set includes selected HPC companies

[^2]:    Dollar values in thousands, except per share data

