## PrestigeConsumer HEALTHCARE ICR Conference January $14^{\text {th }}, 2019$

## Safe Harbor Disclosure

This presentation contains certain "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, such as statements regarding the Company's expected financial performance, including revenue growth, adjusted EPS, and adjusted free cash flow; the market position and consumption trends for the Company's brands; the Company's investment in e-commerce; the Company's ability to continue to generate cash flows, gain market share and generate growth, and to de-lever; brand-building efforts; the timing and impact of the packaging rollout for BC \& Goody's. Words such as "trend", "continue," " will," "expect," "project," "anticipate,"' "likely," "estimate," "may," "should," "could," "would," and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements represent the Company's expectations and beliefs and involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, completion of quarter-end financial reporting processes and review, general economic and business conditions, regulatory matters, competitive pressures, supplier issues, consumer acceptance of new packaging, disruptions to distribution, unexpected costs or liabilities, and other risks set forth in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2018. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date this presentation. Except to the extent required by applicable law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement contained in this presentation, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

All adjusted GAAP numbers presented are footnoted and reconciled to their closest GAAP measurement in the attached reconciliation schedules or in our November 1, 2018 and January 14, 2019 earnings releases in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section.

## Attendees

# I. Introduction to Prestige Consumer <br> Healthcare 

II. Value Creation Model

III.Financial Review and Outlook

Ron Lombardi

Christine Sacco
Chief Financial Officer

Phil Terpolilli
Director, Investor Relations

## I. Introduction to Prestige Consumer Healthcare

compous Fleet Summer's Eve Dramamine DanTar LUDEN'S.
LITTLE Efferdent Clear
REMEDIES eyes.

## (BC) Gooolys: <br> Chloraseptic ${ }^{2}$.



MONSTAT Gaviscon $\begin{gathered}\text { and it soone }\end{gathered}$ Debrox ©FESS

## Evolution to a Focused Consumer Healthcare Portfolio


~\$1 Billion Focused Consumer Healthcare Company*

## PrestigeConsumer HEALTHCARE

## Helping Consumers Care for Themselves

# 650 Milion <br> throat drops for every cold season 

## Milifion doses of pain relief per week

## Diversified Portfolio of Leading, Trusted Consumer Healthcare Brands



[^0]Note: Excludes other OTC (less than 1\%).

Business Positioned for Long-Term Success


## II. Value Creation Model



## Proven, Consistent e Repeatable Strategy

## Invest for Growth

■ Positioned for long-term 2\% to 3\% Organic growth

- Brand building to drive long-term success
- Industry-leading financial profile
- Consistent and strong FCF generation
- Enables capital allocation opportunities

Capital Allocation Options

- Disciplined capital allocation priorities

■ 8+ strategic M\&A transactions since CY 2013

- Completed $\$ 50$ million stock buyback in FY19


## Resilient Position in an Euoluing Retail Environment

| Category Leading, Trusted Brands |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| - \#1 brands represent large <br> majority of sales | MONSTAT |$\quad$ Summers Eve

- Consumer driven innovation
- Aligned with macro- Health \& Wellness trends



## Retail Traffic Driver

- Need-based products sought by consumers
- Retail channel agnostic
- Category growth focus helps buyers



## E-Commerce Brand of Choice

- Channel remains an opportunity, not a threat
- Ongoing channel investments
- Optimal consumer connection opportunities


Whymin
"Hard to find"


"Shy to buy"

## Investment Across Key Brands Drives Organic Growth

Sales Contribution to Portfolio (Approximate \%)

Representative Brands

Long-Term Organic Growth Target (approximate):

| Invest for Growth |  |  | Manage for Cash |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Core | Core | International | Other OTC |
|  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 12 | 18+ | 40+ |
| Summer's Eve | LUDEN's Dramamine <br> Chloraseptic  <br> Compound WV:  <br> Fleet. NTX:  | Hydralyte <br> Care <br> © FESS | Ecotrin. <br> beano |
| 3\%+ | 1-3\% | 5\%+ | $-4 \%$ to -8\% |
|  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term 2\% to 3\% Sales Growth Target |  |  |  |

## BC e Goody's: Continuing Our Long-Term Brand Building Playbook

Brand Success Under Ownership

- Purchased two iconic brands in 2012
- 100+ year heritage in Southeast
- Expanded brand building investments

- Only powdered analgesic brands
- Expanded distribution
- Brand extensions into cough/cold with BC Sinus Launch
- Significant support at retail by leveraging strategic partnerships

gic

New Packaging Launched in FY 19

Continued Innovation to Grow the Brand and the Category


ASPIRIN (NSAID) men RELIEF
TAST PAlN REVES HEADACHES
\& BODYACHES



## Brand-Building Drives Category Growth and Share Gains

## Long-Term Brand-Building Toolkit

- Leverage portfolio's long-standing brand heritage with focused digital and content marketing
- Develop consumer insights to refine brand-building efforts
- Focus new product development on attractive opportunities that are key to category growth
- Capitalize on new channel development opportunities

Growing the Category and Outpacing Private Label
2018 Performance Consumption Growth


## Brand-Building Differentiates versus Private Label and Branded Competition

## Proven, Consistent e Repeatable Strategy: Cash Generation

## Cash Generation

- Industry-leading financial profile
- Consistent and strong FCF generation
- Enables capital allocation opportunities

Near-term Considerations

- Net Debt at September 30 of $\sim 1.9$ billion ${ }^{(2) ;}$ leverage ratio of $5.2 x^{(3)}$ at end of Q2 19
- Targeting leverage of $\sim 4.9 x$ by year-end FY 19
- Debt reduction of $\$ 209$ million in FY 18


## Long-Term Positioning

- Target leverage ratio of between $3.5 x$ to less than $5.0 x$
- High Free Cash Flow Generation
- Portfolio characteristics drives high EBITDA margins
- Strong FCF conversion (minimal capital outlays, low cash tax rate via tax attributes)
- A\&P reinvestment to drive top-line growth
- Maintain approximate mid-30s EBITDA margin target


## Strong and Consistent Cash Flow Leads to Rapid De-Levering

Adjusted Free Cash Flow ${ }^{(2)(4)}$


## Disciplined Capital Allocation Enhances Shareholder Value

## Capital Allocation Priorities

Timeline of Recent Capital Allocation Decisions


Share Repurchases
(2)

Continued Strategy of De-Leveraging
(4)

Pursue Me'A that is Accretive to Shareholders

- Acquisition of DenTek brand for $\$ 220$ million
- Divestiture of 7 non-core brands for $\$ 110$ million gross proceeds
- Acquisition of C.B. Fleet portfolio for $\$ 825$ million
- Opportunistic $\$ 50$ million share repurchase
- Divestiture of Household segment enabled \$50 million of incremental debt paydown and capital redeployment


## III. Financial Review and FY 19 Outlook

Fleet Summer's Eve Dramamine DanTaR LUDEN'S.
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REMEDES

## (B) Goodtrs <br> Chloraseptic NV $^{2}$.



MONSTAT Gaviscon $\begin{gathered}\text { and it soone }\end{gathered}$ Debrox ©FESS

## Strategy Has Delivered Consistently Strong Financial Performance



## Strong Financial Performance in First Half FY 19

Revenue of \$493.3 million, up 0.4\% ${ }^{(1)}$ organically versus 1H FY 18; in-line with expectations

Freight and warehouse costs continue to improve and have largely returned to normalized levels

Adjusted EPS of \$1.33 ${ }^{(2)}$, up 4.7\% versus 1H FY 18

Disciplined Capital Allocation: \$100 million of Debt Reduction, \$50 million Opportunistic Share Repurchase and Household Cleaning Divestiture

## 23 Performance Affected by Inventory Reductions and Incidence Levels

Inventory Reductions and Category Growth Challenged 3Q
Category Growth Fiscal Q3 FY 19 vs 5-Year Average*

- Retailer inventory reductions in Q3 at high-end to slightly above original Fiscal 2019 expectations
- Q3 inventory reductions driven by challenging retailer competitive environment
- Inventory reductions not a result of changes at shelf
- Incidence levels also down in several categories, well below historical trends
- Company will offer further detail on its February 7 Q3 earnings call


Despite Macro Headwinds, Power Core and Core Brand Portfolio Remain Well Positioned

## Current FY 19 Full Year Outlook

## Top Line Trends

## FY Outlook

## Revenue

Adjusted EPS ${ }^{(5)}$

## Adjusted Free <br> Cash Flow ${ }^{(4)}$

- Continue to win share versus categories and private label, grow categories with retailers
- PBH's portfolio of leading brands remains positioned for long-term growth despite macro headwinds at retail


## Previous

## Current

- Revenue outlook of $\$ 970$ to $\$ 975$ million, due to retailer inventory reductions and foreign currency
- Organic growth of flat to $+0.5 \%$
- Expect consumption growth in excess of shipment growth
- Preliminary Q3 revenue of \$241.4 million
- Adjusted EPS of $+7 \%$ to $+8 \%(\$ 2.75 \text { to } \$ 2.78)^{(5)}$
- Expect quarterly EPS to align to revenue cadence
- Adjusted Free Cash Flow of $\mathbf{\$ 2 0 5}$ million ${ }^{(4)}$ or more


## Continuing Our Long-Term Value Creation Strategy



Shareholder Value Enhancement

## Appendix

(1) Organic Revenue Growth is a Non-GAAP financial measures and is reconciled to the most closely related GAAP financial measure in the attached Reconciliation Schedules and / or our November 1, 2018 earnings release in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section.
(2) Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EPS, Adjusted Free Cash Flow and Net Debt are Non-GAAP financial measures and are reconciled to their most closely related GAAP financial measures in the attached Reconciliation Schedules and / or in our November 1, 2018 earnings release in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section.
(3) Leverage ratio reflects net debt / covenant defined EBITDA.
(4) Adjusted Free Cash Flow for FY 19 is a projected Non-GAAP financial measure and is reconciled to projected GAAP Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities in the attached Reconciliation Schedules and in our November 1, 2018 or January 14, 2019 earnings releases in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section and is calculated based on projected Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities less projected capital expenditures plus payments associated with acquisitions less tax effect of payments associated with acquisitions.
(5) Adjusted EPS is a projected non-GAAP financial measure reconciled to GAAP EPS in the attached Reconciliation Schedules and in our November 1, 2018 and January 14, 2019 earnings releases in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section.

## Reconciliation Schedules (Continued)

## Projected EPS

|  | 2019 Projected EPS |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Low |  | High |
| Projected FY'19 GAAP EPS | $\$ .66$ | 2.69 |  |
| Adjustments: |  |  |  |
| Sale of Household Cleaning business ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0.07 | 0.07 |  |
| Tax adjustment | 0.02 | 0.02 |  |
| Total Adjustments |  | 0.09 | 0.09 |
| Projected Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS | $\$$ | 2.75 | $\$$ |

## Projected Free Cash Flow

|  | 2019 Projected <br> Free Cash Flow |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| (In millions) | $\mathbf{1 9 0}$ |  |
| Projected FY'19 GAAP Net cash provided by operating activities | $(13)$ |  |
| Additions to property and equipment for cash | 177 |  |
| Projected Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow | 23 |  |
| Payments associated with divestiture |  |  |
| Projected Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow | $\$$ | 200 |

## Reconciliation Schedules

## Organic Revenue Growth

|  | Three Months Ended Sept. 30, |  |  |  | Six Months Ended Sept. 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  |
| (In Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP Total Revenues | \$ | 239,357 | \$ | 258,026 | \$ | 493,337 | \$ | 514,599 |
| Revenue Growth |  | (7.2\%) |  |  |  | (4.1\%) |  |  |
| Adjustments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue associated with divestiture |  | - |  | $(21,767)$ |  | $(19,811)$ |  | $(41,627)$ |
| Allocated costs that remain after divestiture |  | - |  | (700) |  | - |  | $(1,400)$ |
| Total Adjustments | \$ | - | \$ | $(22,467)$ | \$ | (19,811) | \$ | $(43,027)$ |
| Non-GAAP Organic Revenues | \$ | 239,357 | \$ | 235,559 | \$ | 473,526 | \$ | 471,572 |
| Non-GAAP Organic Revenues Growth |  | 1.6\% |  |  |  | 0.4\% |  |  |

## Reconciliation Schedules (Continued)

## Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS



## Reconciliation Schedules (Continued)

Adjusted Free Cash Flow

|  |  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GAAP Net Income | \$ | 37,212 | \$ 65,505 | 72,615 | \$ 78,260 | \$99,907 | \$ 69,395 | \$339,570 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities as shown in the statement of cash flows |  | 35,674 | 59,497 | 52,562 | 65,998 | 98,181 | 92,613 | $(113,698)$ |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions as shown in the statement of cash flows |  | $(5,434)$ | 12,603 | (11,945) | 13,327 | (21,778) | $(13,336)$ | $(15,762)$ |
| Total adjustments |  | 30,240 | 72,100 | 40,617 | 79.325 | 76,403 | 79,277 | $(129,460)$ |
| GAAP Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 67,452 | 137,605 | 113,232 | 157,585 | 176,310 | 148,672 | 210,110 |
| Purchases of property and equipment |  | (606) | $(10,268)$ | $(2,764)$ | $(6,101)$ | $(3,568)$ | $(2,977)$ | $(12,532)$ |
| Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow |  | 66,846 | 127,337 | 110,468 | 151,484 | 172,742 | 145,695 | 197,578 |
| Premium payment on 2010 Senior Notes |  | - | - | 15,527 | - | - | - | - |
| Premium payment on extinguishment of 2012 Senior Notes |  | - | - | - | - | 10,158 | - | - |
| Accelerated payments due to debt refinancing |  | - | - | 4,675 | - | - | 9,184 | 182 |
| Integration, transition and other payments associated with acquisitions |  | - | - | 512 | 13,563 | 2,461 | 10,448 | 10,358 |
| Pension contribution |  | - | - | - | - | - | 6,000 | - |
| Additional income tax payments associated with divestitures |  | - | - | - | - | - | 25,545 | - |
| Total adjustments |  | - | - | 20,714 | 13,563 | 12,619 | 51,177 | 10,540 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow |  | 66,846 | \$ 127,337 | \$ 131,182 | \$165,047 | \$ 185,361 | \$ 196,872 | \$ 208,118 |

[^1]
## Reconciliation Schedules (Continued)

## Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS

|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS | Net Income | EPS |
| GAAP Net Income | \$ 37,212 | \$0.73 | \$65,505 | \$ 1.27 | \$ 72,615 | \$ 1.39 | \$78,260 | \$ 1.49 | \$99,907 | \$1.88 | \$69,395 | \$1.30 | \$339,570 | \$6.34 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Additional expense as a result of Term Loan debt refinancing | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9,184 | 0.17 | 270 | - |
| Sales costs related to acquisitions | - | - | 411 | 0.01 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Inventory step up | 1,795 | 0.04 | 23 | - | 577 | 0.01 | 2,225 | 0.04 | 1,387 | 0.03 | 1,664 | 0.03 | - | - |
| Inventory related acquisition costs | - | - | 220 | - | 407 | 0.01 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Add'l supplier costs | - | - | 5,426 | 0.11 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Costs associated with CEO transition | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,406 | 0.02 | - | - | - | - |
| Integration, Transition, and other Acquisition/Divestiture costs | 17,395 | 0.34 | 5,909 | 0.11 | 1,111 | 0.02 | 21,507 | 0.41 | 2,401 | 0.05 | 19,624 | 0.37 | 5,528 | 0.11 |
| Stamp Duty | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,940 | 0.05 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Unsolicited proposal costs | 1,737 | 0.03 | 534 | 0.01 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | 5,409 | 0.11 | 1,443 | 0.03 | 18,286 | 0.35 | - | - | 17,970 | 0.34 | 1,420 | 0.03 | 2,901 | 0.05 |
| Gain on settlement | $(5,063)$ | (0.10) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (Gain) loss on divestitures | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(1,133)$ | (0.02) | - | - | 51,820 | 0.97 | - | - |
| Accelerated amortization of debt discounts and debt issue costs | - | - | 7,746 | 0.15 | 5,477 | 0.10 | 218 | - | - | - | 1,706 | 0.03 | 392 | 0.01 |
| Tradename impairment | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 99,924 | 1.87 |
| Tax adj. associated with acquisition in G\&A expense | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 704 | 0.01 |
| Tax impact on adjustments | $(8,091)$ | (0.16) | $(8,329)$ | (0.16) | $(9,100)$ | (0.17) | $(5,968)$ | (0.11) | $(7,608)$ | (0.15) | $(28,024)$ | (0.52) | $(38,804)$ | (0.72) |
| Normalized tax rate adjustment | (237) | - | $(1,741)$ | (0.03) | $(9,465)$ | (0.18) | - | - | - | - | (199) | - | $(272,201)$ | (5.09) |
| Total adjustments | 12,945 | 0.26 | 11,642 | 0.23 | 7,293 | 0.14 | 19,789 | 0.37 | 15,556 | 0.29 | 57,195 | 1.07 | $(201,286)$ | (3.76) |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income and Non-GAAP Adjusted EPS | \$50,157 | \$0.99 | \$ 77,147 | \$1.50 | \$79,908 | \$ 1.53 | \$98,049 | \$ 1.86 | \$115,463 | \$ 2.17 | \$126,590 | \$2.37 | \$138,284 | \$2.58 |

[^2]
## Reconciliation Schedules (Continued)

| Adjusted EBITDA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| GAAP Net Income (Loss) | \$ 37,212 | \$ 65,505 | \$ 72,615 | \$ 78,260 | \$ 99,907 | \$ 69,395 | \$339,570 |
| Interest Expense, net | 41,320 | 84,407 | 68,582 | 81,234 | 85,160 | 93,343 | 105,879 |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes | 23,945 | 40,529 | 29,133 | 49,198 | 57,278 | 41,455 | $(232,484)$ |
| Depreciation and amortization | 10,734 | 13,235 | 13,486 | 17,740 | 23,676 | 25,792 | 33,426 |
| Non-GAAP EBITDA | 113,211 | 203,676 | 183,816 | 226,432 | 266,021 | 229,985 | 246,391 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales costs related to acquisitions | - | 411 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Inventory step up | 1,795 | 23 | 577 | 2,225 | 1,387 | 1,664 | - |
| Inventory related acquisition costs | - | 220 | 407 | - | - | - | - |
| Add'l supplier costs | - | 5,426 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Costs associated with CEO transition | - | - | - | - | 1,406 |  |  |
| Integration, transition, and other Acquisition/Divestiture costs | 17,395 | 5,909 | 1,111 | 21,507 | 2,401 | 19,624 | 5,528 |
| Stamp Duty | - | - | - | 2,940 | - | - | - |
| Unsolicited proposal costs | 1,737 | 534 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | 5,409 | 1,443 | 18,286 | - | 17,970 | 1,420 | 2,901 |
| Tradename impairment | - | - | - | - | - | - | 99,924 |
| Gain on settlement | $(5,063)$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (Gain) Loss on divestitures | - | - | - | $(1,133)$ | - | 51,820 | - |
| Tax adjustment associated with acquisitions | - | - | - | - |  | - | 704 |
| Adjustments to EBITDA | 21,273 | 13,966 | 20,381 | 25,539 | 23,164 | 74,528 | 109,057 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA | \$134,484 | \$ 217,642 | \$204,197 | \$ 251,971 | \$289,185 | \$304,513 | \$355,448 |


[^0]:    * FY'18 Revenues, Excludes Divested Household Cleaning Segment

[^1]:    Dollar values in thousands.

[^2]:    Dollar values in thousands, except per share data
    Note: Reported GAAP is calculated using diluted shares outstanding. Diluted shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2018 are 53,512

