



Safe Harbor Disclosure

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws that are intended to qualify for the Safe Harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. "Forward-looking statements" generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "will," "would," "expect," "anticipate," "opportunities," "positioned" or "continue" (or the negative or other derivatives of each of these terms) or similar terminology. The "forward-looking statements" include, without limitation, statements regarding the impact of the acquisition on the Company's revenues, cash flow, EBITDA, EPS and debt leverage, the tax benefits from the acquisition, the Company's ability to execute on its capital allocation strategy, reduce debt and invest in brand-building, the Company's ability to create long-term value for shareholders, the timing of the closing of recently announced acquisition of Akorn Consumer Healthcare, the acquired brands' ability to achieve market share gains and revenue growth, and the Company's ability to leverage existing infrastructure for the acquired brands, timely integrate the acquired brands and achieve cost synergies. These statements are based on management's estimates and assumptions with respect to future events and financial performance and are believed to be reasonable, though are inherently uncertain and difficult to predict. Actual results could differ materially from those expected as a result of a variety of factors, including the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and business and economic conditions, consumer trends, the impact of the Company's advertising and promotional and new product development initiatives, customer inventory management initiatives, fluctuating foreign exchange rates, competitive pressures, and the ability of the Company's third party manufacturers and logistics providers and suppliers to meet demand for its products and to reduce costs. A discussion of other factors that could cause results to vary is included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2021 and other periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

All adjusted GAAP numbers presented are footnoted and reconciled to their closest GAAP measurement in the attached reconciliation schedule or in our May 6, 2021 earnings release in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section.



- I. Introduction to Prestige Consumer Healthcare
- II. Brand Building Playbook
- III. Financial Profile & Capital Allocation
- IV. The Road Ahead





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Introduction to Prestige Consumer Healthcare

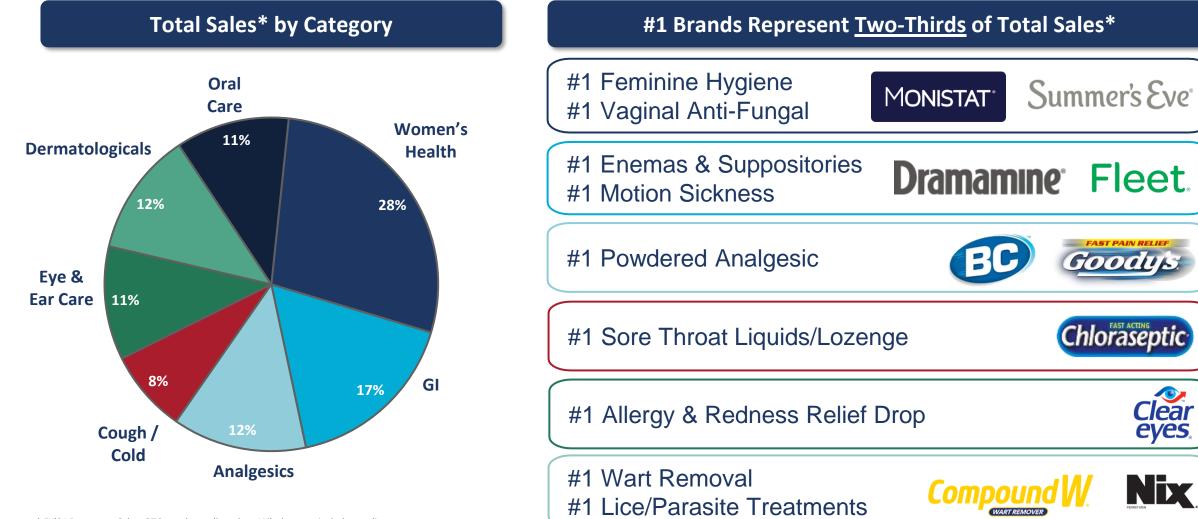


Who We Are: Helping Consumers Care for Themselves

HEALTHCARE



Diversified Portfolio of Leading Consumer Healthcare Brands



* FY'21 Revenues; Other OTC not shown (less than 1%); does not include pending acquisition of Akorn Consumer Health



Proven, Consistent & Repeatable Strategy



- Positioned for long-term 2% to 3%⁽¹⁾ Organic growth
- Brand building to drive long-term success



- Industry-leading financial profile
- Consistent and strong FCF generation
- Enables capital allocation opportunities



- Disciplined capital allocation priorities
- Prioritization of debt reduction & liquidity
- Opportunistic M&A and share repurchases



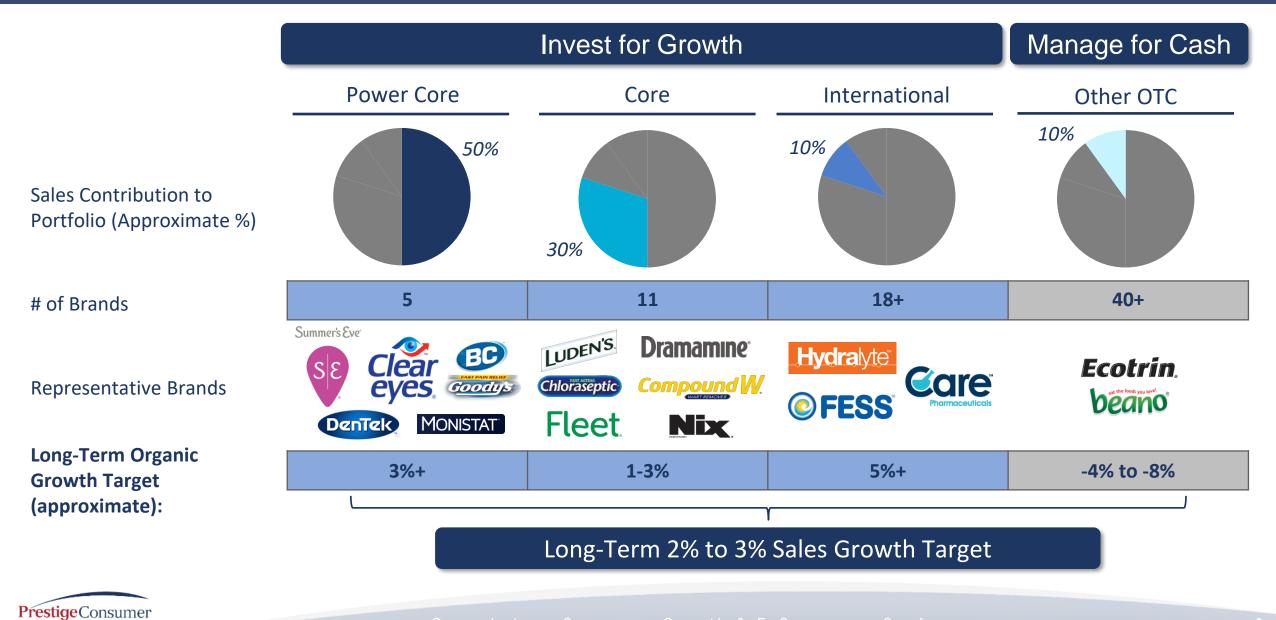
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#1

Brand Building Playbook



Investment Across Key Brands Drives Organic Growth



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Portfolio Positioned To Benefit From Changing Environment

Consumers seeking trusted brands

Increased consumer focus on self-care and hygiene

Accelerated trend towards shopping online

Continuing to benefit from investments and diverse positioning



Playbook Remains Consistent in a Unique Retail Environment

Retail Traffic Driver

- <u>Need-based</u> products sought by consumers, beginning a basket of purchases
- Retailers <u>dedicating more shelf space and focus</u> to health & hygiene "self-care" product
- We are retail <u>channel agnostic</u>; placement & content opportunities in e-commerce and other channels



Long-Term Brand Building Toolkit

- Develop and understand consumer insights
- Wide-ranging and flexible brand strategies focused on growing categories
- Leverage long-standing brand heritage with focused
 digital and content marketing
- New product and claim development that are key to category growth
- <u>Channel development</u> opportunities

Brand-Building Differentiates versus Private Label and Branded Competition



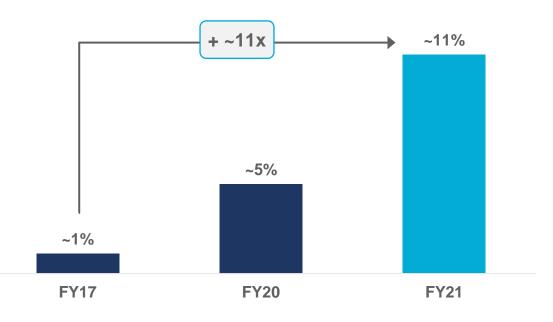
Nimble Marketing Efforts Balanced Against Long-Term Strategy



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E-Commerce: Winning in Consumer Shift to Online

E-Commerce as a % of Net Sales



- Early mover advantage; continuing to benefit from early investments in E-Commerce behind brand portfolio
- Growth across channel, with share often well above brick & mortar
- Consistent financial profile across all channels, including E-Commerce

Strong FY 21 Performance



- ~100% E-Commerce growth⁽²⁾ in FY 21
- Increased and adjusted media spend to capture new consumers
- Incremental consumer interest in omni-channel features like Clickand-Collect as well as a broader array of online retailers



Continuing to Win Across Categories Through Brand Building

| Top PBH Brands | Rank | U.S. Market Share* | FY'21 vs Category |
|-------------------|------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| se Summer's Eve | #1 | 50% | — |
| MONISTAT | #1 | 60% | + |
| BC Goodys: | #1 | 100%/5%*** | + |
| Clear eyes | #1 | 35% | + |
| DenTek | #2 | 20% | + |
| Dramamine | #1 | 60% | + |
| LUDEN'S | #3 | 5% | + |
| Fleet | #1 | 55% | + |
| | #1 | 60% | + |
| Chloraseptic | #1 | 40% | — |
| Nix | #1 | 25% | + |
| Hydralyte ** | #1 | 90% | — |

History of Winning Continued in FY'21

10 of 12 Brands are #1 in Market Share, Many by a Wide Margin

Majority of Brands Expanded Market-Leading Positions

*Approximate Market Share Reflects U.S. IRI MULO + C-store + Amazon for the 52 weeks ended 3-21-21 **Hydralyte is IRI Australia data for the Grocery and Pharmacy channel for the 52 weeks ended 3-14-21 ***Represents share in analgesic powders and analgesic tabs/powders respectively





Financial Profile and Capital Allocation



Cash Flow Drivers That Enable Capital Allocation

Key Attributes and Positioning

- Net Debt at March 31st of ~\$1.5 billion⁽³⁾, leverage ratio of 4.2x⁽⁴⁾
 - Target leverage ratio⁽⁴⁾ of between 3.5x and 5.0x
 - Anticipate FY22 year-end leverage below 4.2x⁽⁴⁾ if Akorn acquisition closes in 2Q as anticipated
- Strong Free Cash Flow Generation
 - Portfolio characteristics drives solid EBITDA margins
 - Strong cash flow conversion (minimal capital expenditure outlays, low cash tax rate)
- Target approximate mid-30s EBITDA margin over time

Capital Allocation Priorities Unchanged



Invest in Current Brands to Drive Organic Growth



Continue Strategy of De-Leveraging



Opportunistic Share Repurchases

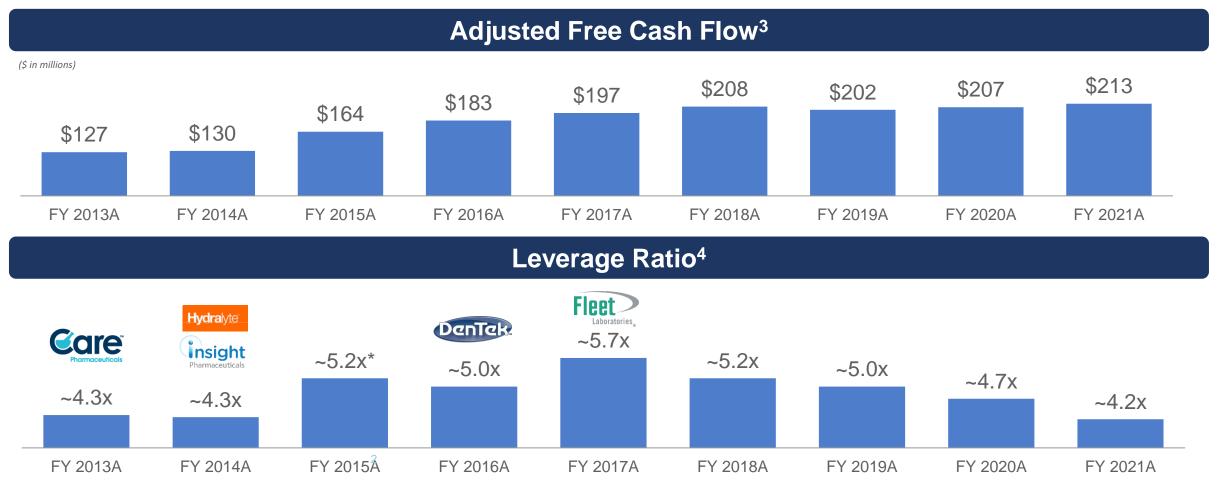


Pursue Accretive M&A That is Accretive for Shareholders



Consistent, Strong Free Cash Flow Supports Deleveraging

Cash flow enables discipline capital allocation strategy; 3.5x-5.0x long-term net debt-to-EBITDA target



* Peak leverage of 5.75x at close of the Insight Acquisition in September 2014



Fourth Quarter and FY 21 Consolidated Financial Summary

| | 3 Mo | onths E | nded | 12 Months Ended | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Total Revenue | Q4 FY 21 \$ 237.8 | Q4 FY 20 \$251.2 | % Chg (5.4%) | FY 21 \$ 943.4 | FY 20 \$ 963.0 | % Chg (2.0%) | ■ F | | | | |
| Adj. Gross Margin ⁽³⁾ % Margin | 137.1 57.6% | 149.1 59.4% | (8.1%) | 547.5 58.0% | 561.4 58.3% | (2.5%) | | | | | |
| A&M % Total Revenue | 36.4 15.3% | 40.2 16.0% | (9.3%) | 140.6 <i>14.9%</i> | 147.2 15.3% | (4.5%) | | | | | |
| G&A % Total Revenue | 23.8 10.0% | 23.6 9.4% | 1.0% | 85.5 9.1% | 89.1 <i>9.3%</i> | (4.0%) | | | | | |
| D&A | 5.9 | 6.2 | (5.8%) | 23.9 | 24.8 | (3.3%) | | | | | |
| Adj. Operating Income ⁽³⁾ % Margin | \$ 70.9 29.8% | \$ 79.1 31.5% | (10.3%) | \$ 297.4 31.5% | \$ 300.3 31.2% | (1.0%) | • A | | | | |
| Adj. Earnings Per Share ⁽³⁾ | \$ 0.79 | \$ 0.82 | (3.9%) | \$ 3.24 | \$ 2.96 | 9.5% | | | | | |
| Adj. EBITDA ⁽³⁾ % Margin | \$ 79.2 33.3% | \$ 85.9 34.2% | (7.8%) | \$ 328.9 34.9% | \$ 328.1 34.1% | 0.3% | ∎ E | | | | |

FY 21 Comments

- Revenue down slightly vs. PY in constant currency
 - Broad & diverse portfolio helped offset consumption headwinds in COVID-19 disrupted categories
 - Triple-digit eCommerce consumption growth as consumers shopped online
- Gross Margin of 58.0% consistent with Adjusted⁽³⁾ PY and expectations
- A&M of 14.9% of Revenue
- G&A of 9.1% of Revenue
- EPS up 9.5% vs. Adjusted⁽³⁾ PY

Dollar values in millions, except per share data Amounts may not add due to rounding





The Road Ahead



Pending Acquisition of Akorn Consistent with Long-term Strategy

Acquisition of Scale TheraTears Brand with Strong Position in Dry Eye Segment

Adds Complementary Suite of Dry Eye Relief Products to Current Eye Care Offering

Consistent with Prestige's Long-Term Growth and Margin Profile

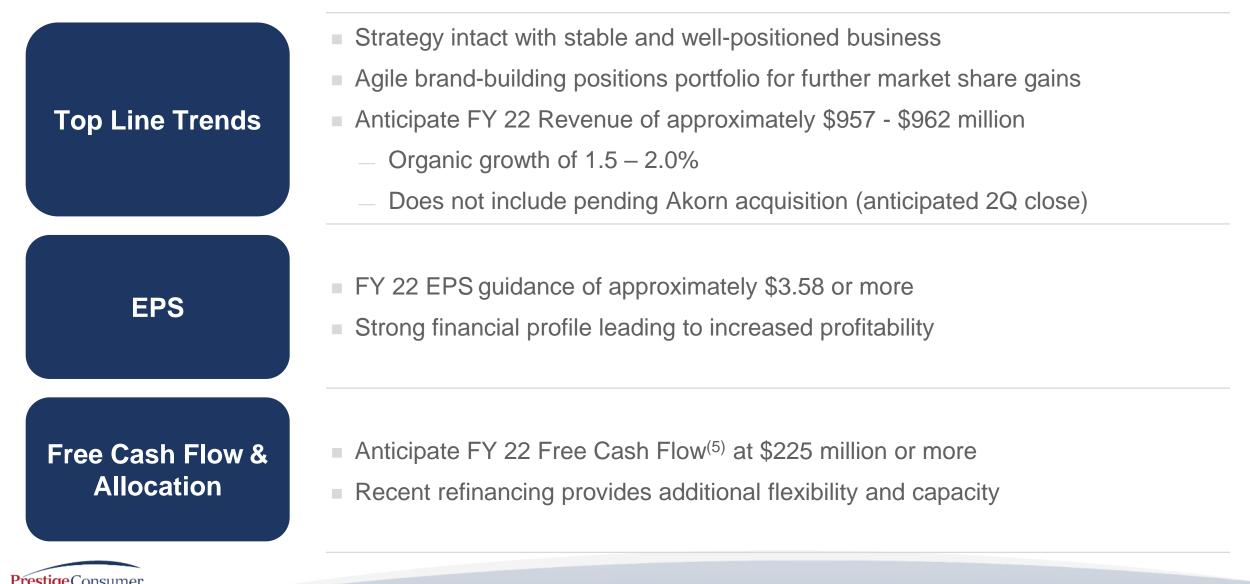
Asset-Light Acquisition Enabling Ease of Integration

Immediately Accretive to EBITDA and Cash Flows



Outlook: Continuing to Execute Proven Strategy

HEALTHCARE



Appendix



Appendix

- (1) Organic Revenue is a Non-GAAP financial measure and is reconciled to the most closely related GAAP financial measure in the attached Reconciliation Schedules and / or our earnings release dated May 6, 2021 in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section.
- (2) Company consumption includes data sourced from domestic IRI multi-outlet + C-Store retail sales for the period ending March 21, 2021, retail sales from other 3rd parties for certain untracked channels in North America for leading retailers, Australia consumption based on IMS data, and other international net revenues as a proxy for consumption.
- (3) Adjusted EPS, Adjusted Gross Margin, Adjusted Operating Income, EBITDA, EBITDA Margin, Free Cash Flow and Net Debt are Non-GAAP financial measures and are reconciled to their most closely related GAAP financial measures in the attached Reconciliation Schedules and / or in our earnings release dated May 6, 2021 in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section.
- (4) Leverage ratio reflects net debt / covenant defined EBITDA.
- (5) Adjusted Free Cash Flow for FY 22 is a projected Non-GAAP financial measure, is reconciled to projected GAAP Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities in the attached Reconciliation Schedules and / or in our earnings release in the "About Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section and is calculated based on projected Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities less projected capital expenditures.



Reconciliation Schedules

Organic Revenue Change

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | | March 31, | | |
|---|------------------------------|----|---------|------|---------|-----------|---------|--|
| | 2021 2020 | | | 2021 | | 2020 | | |
| (In Thousands) | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP Total Revenues | \$ 237,761 | \$ | 251,235 | \$ | 943,365 | \$ | 963,010 | |
| Revenue Change | (5.4%) | | | | (2.0%) | | | |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | |
| Impact of foreign currency exchange rates | - | | 3,404 | | - | | 3,796 | |
| Total adjustments | \$ - | \$ | 3,404 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,796 | |
| Non-GAAP Organic Revenues | \$ 237,761 | \$ | 254,639 | \$ | 943,365 | \$ | 966,806 | |
| Non-GAAP Organic Revenue Change | (6.6%) | | | | (2.4%) | | | |

Adjusted Gross Margin

| | Three | Months Ended | March 31 | , | Year Ended March 31, | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------------|----------|---------|----------------------|---------|----|---------|--|--|
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | |
| <u>(In Thousands)</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP Total Revenues | \$ | 237,761 | \$ | 251,235 | \$ | 943,365 | \$ | 963,010 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP Gross Profit | \$ | 137,056 | \$ | 143,910 | \$ | 547,472 | \$ | 552,223 | | |
| GAAP Gross Profit as a Percentage of GAAP Total Revenue | | 57.6% | | 57.3% | | 58.0% | | 57.3% | | |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transition and other costs associated with new warehouse ^(a) | | - | | 5,208 | | - | | 9,170 | | |
| Total adjustments | | - | | 5,208 | | - | | 9,170 | | |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin | \$ | 137,056 | \$ | 149,118 | \$ | 547,472 | \$ | 561,393 | | |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Gross Margin as a Percentage of GAAP Total | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | | 57.6% | | 59.4% | | 58.0% | | 58.3% | | |

a) Items related to new warehouse represent costs to transition to the new warehouse and duplicate costs incurred during the transition.



Reconciliation Schedules (Continued)

Adjusted EBITDA Margin

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | | Year Ende | d March 31, | | |
|---|------------------------------|--------|------|--------|----|-----------|-------------|---------|--|
| | 2021 | | 2020 | | | 2021 | | 2020 | |
| <u>(In Thousands)</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP Net Income | \$ | 35,514 | \$ | 37,046 | \$ | 164,682 | \$ | 142,281 | |
| Interest expense, net | | 18,983 | | 22,452 | | 82,328 | | 96,224 | |
| Provision for income taxes | | 4,859 | | 13,489 | | 39,431 | | 48,870 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 7,537 | | 7,331 | | 30,164 | | 28,995 | |
| Non-GAAP EBITDA | | 66,893 | | 80,318 | | 316,605 | | 316,370 | |
| Non-GAAP EBITDA Margin | | 28.1% | | 32.0% | | 33.6% | | 32.9% | |
| Adjustments: Transition and other costs associated with new warehouse in Cost of Goods | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | = 000 | | | | 0 470 | |
| Sold ^(a) | | - | | 5,208 | | - | | 9,170 | |
| Loss on disposal of assets | | - | | 382 | | - | | 382 | |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | | 12,327 | | - | | 12,327 | | 2,155 | |
| Total adjustments | | 12,327 | | 5,590 | | 12,327 | | 11,707 | |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 79,220 | \$ | 85,908 | \$ | 328,932 | \$ | 328,077 | |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted EBITDA Margin | | 33.3% | | 34.2% | | 34.9% | | 34.1% | |

a) Items related to new warehouse represent costs to transition to the new warehouse and duplicate costs incurred during the transition.



Reconciliation Schedules (Continued)

Adjusted Net Income & Adjusted EPS

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | | | | Year Ended March 31, | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|-------|----|--------|---------|------|----|----------------------|------------|----------|--------|------------|----------|--------|
| | | 20 | 21 | | _ | 20 | 20 | | 20 | | 2020 | | | |
| | | | Ad | justed | | | Ad | justed | | Adjusted | | | Adjusted | |
| | Net Inc | come | | EPS | Net Inc | ome | | EPS | Net Income | | EPS | Net Income | E | EPS |
| (In Thousands, except per share data) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP Net Income | \$ 35 | ,514 | \$ | 0.70 | \$ 37, | 046 | \$ | 0.73 | \$ 164,682 | \$ | 3.25 | \$ 142,281 | \$ | 2.78 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transition and other costs associated with new | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| warehouse in Cost of Goods Sold ^(a) | | - | | - | 5, | 208 | | 0.10 | - | | - | 9,170 | | 0.18 |
| Loss on disposal of assets | | - | | - | : | 382 | | 0.01 | - | | - | 382 | | 0.01 |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | 12 | ,327 | | 0.24 | | - | | - | 12,327 | | 0.24 | 2,155 | | 0.04 |
| Tax impact of adjustments (b) | (2 | ,986) | | (0.06) | (1, | 420) | | (0.03) | (2,986) | | (0.06) | (2,974) | | (0.06) |
| Normalized tax rate adjustment (c) | (4 | ,919) | | (0.10) | | 653 | | 0.01 | (10,025) | | (0.20) | 318 | | 0.01 |
| Total Adjustments | 4 | ,422 | | 0.09 | 4, | 823 | | 0.09 | (684) | | (0.01) | 9,051 | | 0.18 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS | \$ 39 | ,936 | \$ | 0.79 | \$41, | 869 | \$ | 0.82 | \$ 163,998 | \$ | 3.24 | \$ 151,332 | \$ | 2.96 |

a) Items related to new warehouse represent costs to transition to the new warehouse and duplicate costs incurred during the transition.

b) The income tax adjustments are determined using applicable rates in the taxing jurisdictions in which the above adjustments relate and includes both current and deferred income tax expense (benefit) based on the specific nature of the specific Non-GAAP performance measure.

c) Income tax adjustment to adjust for discrete income tax items.



Note: Amounts may not add due to rounding

Reconciliation Schedules

Adjusted Free Cash Flow

| | 20 13 | 20 14 | 20 15 | 20 16 | 20 17 | 20 18 | 20 19 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| GAAP Net Income | \$ 65,505 | \$ 72,615 | \$ 78,260 | \$ 99,907 | \$ 69,395 | \$ 339,570 | \$ (35,800) |
| Adjustments | | | | | | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating | | | | | | | |
| activities as shown in the statement of cash flows | 59,497 | 52,562 | 65,998 | 98,181 | 92,613 | (113,698) | 233,400 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from | | | | | | | |
| acquisitions as shown in the statement of cash flows | 12,603 | (11,945) | 13,327 | (21,778) | (13,336) | (15,762) | (8,316) |
| Total adjustments | 72,100 | 40 ,617 | 79,325 | 76,403 | 79,277 | (129,460) | 225,084 |
| GAAP Net cash provided by operating activities | 137,60 5 | 113,232 | 157,585 | 176,310 | 148,672 | 210 ,110 | 189,284 |
| Purchases of property and equipment | (10 ,268) | (2,764) | (6,101) | (3,568) | (2,977) | (12,532) | (10,480) |
| Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow | 127,337 | 468, 110 | 151,484 | 172,742 | 145,695 | 197,578 | 178,804 |
| Premium payment on 20 10 Senior Notes | - | 15,527 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Premium payment on extinguishment of 20 12 Senior Notes | - | - | - | 10 ,158 | - | - | - |
| Accelerated payments due to debt refinancing | - | 4,675 | - | - | 9,184 | 182 | - |
| Integration, transition and other payments associated with acquisitions | - | 512 | 13,563 | 2,461 | 10 ,448 | 10 ,358 | 2 90, 10 |
| Pension contribution | - | - | - | - | 6,000 | - | - |
| Additional income tax payments associated with divestitures | - | - | - | - | 25,545 | - | 12,656 |
| Total adjustments | - | 20 ,714 | 13,563 | 12,619 | 51,177 | 10 ,540 | 23,558 |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow | \$ 127,337 | \$ 131,182 | \$ 165,047 | \$ 185,361 | \$ 196,872 | \$ 208,118 | \$ 202,362 |

Dollar values in thousands



Reconciliation Schedules (Continued)

Adjusted Free Cash Flow (continued)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | | Year Endeo | d March 31, | | |
|--|------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|------|------------|-------------|----------|--|
| | 2021 | | 2020 2021 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | |
| (In Thousands) | | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP Net Income | \$ | 35,514 | \$ | 37,046 | \$ | 164,682 | \$ | 142,281 | |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net | | | | | | | | | |
| cash provided by operating activities as shown in | | | | | | | | | |
| the Statement of Cash Flows | | 29,904 | | 20,056 | | 76,523 | | 66,041 | |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities as shown in the | | | | | | | | | |
| Statement of Cash Flows | | (6,331) | | (976) | | (5,598) | | 8,802 | |
| Total adjustments | | 23,573 | | 19,080 | | 70,925 | | 74,843 | |
| GAAP Net cash provided by operating activities | | 59,087 | | 56,126 | | 235,607 | | 217,124 | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | | (4,896) | | (5,505) | | (22,243) | | (14,560) | |
| Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow | | 54,191 | | 50,621 | | 213,364 | | 202,564 | |
| Transition and other payments associated with new warehouse ^(a) | | - | | 1,876 | | - | | 4,203 | |
| Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow | \$ | 54,191 | \$ | 52,497 | \$ | 213,364 | \$ | 206,767 | |

Projected Free Cash Flow

| <u>(In millions)</u> | |
|--|-----------|
| Projected FY'22 GAAP Net Cash provided by operating activities | \$ 240 |
| Additions to property and equipment for cash | (15) |
| Projected Non-GAAP Adjusted Free Cash Flow | \$ 225 |



PrestigeConsumer H E A L T H C A R E